

# Package ‘elevatr’

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**Title** Access Elevation Data from Various APIs

**Version** 0.3.4

**URL** <https://github.com/jhollister/elevatr/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/jhollister/elevatr/issues/>

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**Description** Several web services are available that provide access to elevation data. This package provides access to several of those services and returns elevation data either as a `SpatialPointsDataFrame` from point elevation services or as a raster object from raster elevation services. Currently, the package supports access to the Amazon Web Services Terrain Tiles <<https://registry.opendata.aws/terrain-tiles/>>, the Open Topography Global Datasets API <<https://opentopography.org/developers/>>, and the USGS Elevation Point Query Service <<https://nationalmap.gov/epqs/>>.

**Depends** R (>= 3.0.0)

**Imports** sp, raster, httr, jsonlite, progress, sf, methods

**License** CC0

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Suggests** testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, formatR, rgdal

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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elevatr	<i>Access elevation data from the web</i>
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### Description

This package provides tools to access and download elevation data available from the Mapzen elevation and Mapzen terrain service.

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get_elev_point	<i>Get Point Elevation</i>
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### Description

This function provides access to point elevations using either the USGS Elevation Point Query Service (US Only) or by extracting point elevations from the AWS Terrain Tiles. The function accepts a `data.frame` of `x` (long) and `y` (lat) or a `SpatialPoints/SpatialPointsDataFrame` as input. A `SpatialPointsDataFrame` is returned with elevation as an added `data.frame`.

### Usage

```
get_elev_point(locations, prj = NULL, src = c("epqs", "aws"), ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>locations</code>	Either a <code>data.frame</code> with <code>x</code> (e.g. longitude) as the first column and <code>y</code> (e.g. latitude) as the second column, a <code>SpatialPoints/SpatialPointsDataFrame</code> , or a <code>sf POINT</code> or <code>MULTIPOINT</code> object. Elevation for these points will be returned in the originally supplied class.
<code>prj</code>	A PROJ.4 string defining the projection of the <code>locations</code> argument. If a <code>SpatialPoints</code> or <code>SpatialPointsDataFrame</code> is provided, the PROJ.4 string will be taken from that. This argument is required for a <code>data.frame</code> of <code>locations</code> .
<code>src</code>	A character indicating which API to use, either "epqs" or "aws" accepted. The "epqs" source is relatively slow for larger numbers of points (e.g. > 500). The "aws" source may be quicker in these cases provided the points are in a similar geographic area. The "aws" source downloads a DEM using <code>get_elev_raster</code> and then extracts the elevation for each point.

... Additional arguments passed to `get_epqs` or `get_aws_points`. When using "aws" as the source, pay attention to the 'z' argument. A default of 5 is used, but this uses a raster with a large ~4-5 km pixel. Additionally, the source data changes as zoom levels increase. Read <https://github.com/tilezen/joerd/blob/master/docs/data-sources.md#what-is-the-ground-resolution> for details.

## Value

Function returns a `SpatialPointsDataFrame` or `sf` object in the projection specified by the `prj` argument.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
mt_wash <- data.frame(x = -71.3036, y = 44.2700)
mt_mans <- data.frame(x = -72.8145, y = 44.5438)
mts <- rbind(mt_wash,mt_mans)
ll_prj <- "EPSG:4326"
mts_sp <- sp::SpatialPoints(sp::coordinates(mts),
                           proj4string = sp::CRS(ll_prj))
get_elev_point(locations = mt_wash, prj = ll_prj)
get_elev_point(locations = mt_wash, units="feet", prj = ll_prj)
get_elev_point(locations = mt_wash, units="meters", prj = ll_prj)
get_elev_point(locations = mts_sp)

# Code to split into a loop and grab point at a time.
# This is usually faster for points that are spread apart

library(dplyr)

elev <- vector("numeric", length = nrow(mts))
pb <- progress_estimated(length(elev))
for(i in seq_along(mts)){
  pb$tick()$print()
  elev[i]<-suppressMessages(get_elev_point(locations = mts[i,], prj = ll_prj,
                                         src = "aws", z = 14)$elevation)
}

mts_elev <- cbind(mts, elev)
mts_elev

## End(Not run)
```

## Description

Several web services provide access to raster elevation. Currently, this function provides access to the Amazon Web Services Terrian Tiles and the Open Topography global datasets API. The function accepts a `data.frame` of `x` (long) and `y` (lat), an `sp`, or raster object as input. A raster object is returned.

## Usage

```
get_elev_raster(
  locations,
  z,
  prj = NULL,
  src = c("aws", "gl3", "gl1", "alos"),
  expand = NULL,
  clip = c("tile", "bbox", "locations"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  neg_to_na = FALSE,
  override_size_check = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>locations</code>	Either a <code>data.frame</code> of <code>x</code> (long) and <code>y</code> (lat), an <code>sp</code> , <code>sf</code> , or raster object as input.
<code>z</code>	The zoom level to return. The zoom ranges from 1 to 14. Resolution of the resultant raster is determined by the zoom and latitude. For details on zoom and resolution see the documentation from Mapzen at <a href="https://github.com/tilezen/joerd/blob/master/docs/data-sources.md#what-is-the-ground-resolution">https://github.com/tilezen/joerd/blob/master/docs/data-sources.md#what-is-the-ground-resolution</a> . The <code>z</code> is not required for the OpenTopography data sources.
<code>prj</code>	A PROJ.4 string defining the projection of the <code>locations</code> argument. If a <code>sp</code> or raster object is provided, the PROJ.4 string will be taken from that. This argument is required for a <code>data.frame</code> of <code>locations</code> .
<code>src</code>	A character indicating which API to use. Currently supports "aws" and "gl3", "gl1", or "alos" from the OpenTopography API global datasets. "aws" is the default.
<code>expand</code>	A numeric value of a distance, in map units, used to expand the bounding box that is used to fetch the terrain tiles. This can be used for features that fall close to the edge of a tile and additional area around the feature is desired. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>clip</code>	A character value used to determine clipping of returned DEM. The default value is "tile" which returns the full tiles. Other options are "bbox" which returns the DEM clipped to the bounding box of the original locations (or expanded bounding box if used), or "locations" if the spatial data (e.g. polygons) in the input locations should be used to clip the DEM. Locations are not used to clip input point datasets. Instead the bounding box is used.
<code>verbose</code>	Toggles on and off the note about units and coordinate reference system.

<code>neg_to_na</code>	Some of the data sources return large negative numbers as missing data. When the end result is a projected those large negative numbers can vary. When set to TRUE, only zero and positive values are returned. Default is FALSE.
<code>override_size_check</code>	Boolean to override size checks. Any download between 100 Mb and 500Mb report a message but continue. Between 500Mb and 3000Mb requires interaction and greater than 3000Mb fails. These can be overridden with this argument set to TRUE.
<code>...</code>	Extra arguments to pass to <code>httr::GET</code> via a named vector, config. See <a href="#">get_aws_terrain</a> for more details.

### Details

Currently, the `get_elev_raster` function utilizes the Amazon Web Services (<https://registry.opendata.aws/terrain-tiles/>) terrain tiles and the Open Topography Global Datasets API (<https://opentopography.org/developers>).

The AWS Terrain Tiles data is provided via x, y, and z tiles (see [https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Slippy\\_map\\_tilenames](https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Slippy_map_tilenames) for details.) The x and y are determined from the bounding box of the object submitted for `locations` argument, and the z argument must be specified by the user.

### Value

Function returns a `SpatialPointsDataFrame` in the projection specified by the `prj` argument.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
loc_df <- data.frame(x = runif(6,min=sp::bbox(lake)[1,1],
                           max=sp::bbox(lake)[1,2]),
                    y = runif(6,min=sp::bbox(lake)[2,1],
                           max=sp::bbox(lake)[2,2]))
x <- get_elev_raster(locations = loc_df, prj = sp::wkt(lake), z=10)

data(lake)
x <- get_elev_raster(lake, z = 12)
x <- get_elev_raster(lake, src = "gl3", expand = 5000)

## End(Not run)
```

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lake

*SpatialPolygonsDataFrame of Lake Sunapee*

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### Description

This example data is a `SpatialPolygonsDataFrame` of a single lake, Lake Sunapee. Used for examples and tests.

**Format**

SpatialPolygonDataframe with 1 lakes, each with 13 variables

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pt_df	<i>Small data frame of xy locations</i>
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**Description**

Example data frame of locations for use in examples and text

**Format**

A data.frame with two columns, x(long) and y(lat)

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sp_big	<i>SpatialPoints of random points</i>
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**Description**

This SpatialPoints dataset is 250 uniform random points to be used for examples and tests

**Format**

A SpatialPoints object

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